LV-eGFP-P2A-Neo



Product Description

Product Name: LV-eGFP-P2A-Neo

Catalog Number: LV067-S (0.25 mL) or LV067-L (1 mL)

Lot Number: LV-IM46

Reporter gene: Enhanced green fluorescent protein (eGFP)

Selection gene: Neomycin (Neo)

Quantity: 250 μ L (S) or 1 mL (L) Titer: 2.83 x 10⁷ TU/mL* Storage media: Serum free media

Shipping: Dry ice

Storage: Store at ≤ -70°C upon receipt. Freeze-thaw

cycles will decrease titer.

Shelf life: One year from date of receipt under proper

storage conditions.

This is a ready-to-use lentivirus preparation. The virus encodes the enhanced green fluorescent protein (eGFP) cDNA under control of the spleen focus-forming virus (SFFV) promoter linked to the neomycin resistance gene (Neo) via a P2A cleavage peptide (see below). The lentiviral vectors are self-inactivating (SIN) vectors in which the viral enhancer and promoter have been deleted. Transcription inactivation of the LTR in the SIN provirus increases biosafety by preventing mobilization by replication competent viruses and enables regulated expression of the genes from the internal promoters without *cis*-acting effects of the LTR¹.



5' LTR: 5' long terminal repeat ψ: RNA packaging signal RRE: Rev response element cPPT: Central polypurine tract

SFFV: Spleen focus-forming virus promoter eGFP: Enhanced green fluorescent protein

P2A: P2A cleavage peptide Neo: Neomycin resistance gene

WPRE: Woodchuck hepatitis virus posttranscriptional regulatory element

3' LTR/ Δ U3: 3' self-inactivating long terminal repeat

*Titration by qPCR:

A WPRE probe-based qPCR assay was used to measure the number of copies of lentiviruses stably integrated into the genome after transduction of HeLaH1 cells (transducing units per mL).

Traditional p24 ELISA titrations measure both functional and non-functional lentivirus particles. However, this method overestimates the functional titer, as the p24 protein pool includes a variable amount of free p24 and p24 associated with non-functional vector particles. This ratio can vary greatly between each lot, so the titration is inherently inaccurate. While qPCR titers may appear lower than p24 ELISA, they are more accurate and functional.

Safety Precaution:

All culture work with lentiviruses should be performed by trained personnel and performed under BSL2 containment following NIH guidelines.



Basic Lentivirus Transduction Protocol

Volumes are given for a 6-well plate; increase or decrease as needed. See the Transduction Tips section for additional considerations/modifications.

- 1. Seed cells in complete medium at an appropriate density to achieve 60-70% confluency the next day (e.g. $\sim 2.5 \times 10^5$ HeLaH1 cells). Incubate cells overnight in a 37°C/5% CO2 incubator.
- 2. Thaw lentivirus stock on ice.
- In a microcentrifuge tube, dilute lentivirus to 1 mL total in serum free media. (See tips below for notes about determining optimal MOIs.)
- Remove culture medium from cells and replace with prepared lentivirus.
- 5. Return cells to 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator.
- After 4 hours add 1 mL complete medium to each well and return cells to 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator.
- 7. 3 days after transduction, check transgene expression according to an appropriate protocol. (Note: this lentivirus includes a selection gene; see tips below for details.)

Transduction Tips

- To determine the optimal MOI for transductions: plate several wells of the target cells and infect with increasing MOIs (e.g 1, 3, 10, and 30). Typically, primary cells require higher MOIs than established cell lines.
- 2. Polybrene® can be added to the transduction mixture to enhance transduction efficiency². The final concentration of Polybrene® in the transduction medium should be 4-8 μg/mL. Polybrene® can be cytotoxic to some cells and it is not advisable to incubate these cells with Polybrene® overnight; the transduction cocktail may be removed after 3-4 h and replaced with complete media.
- A spin infection can also be used to increase transduction efficiency³. Once the transduction mixture is added to the cells, centrifuge the plate at 800 x g for 30 min at room temperature, before placing the cells in a 37°C/5%CO₂ incubator.
- 4. The presence of serum in the transduction mixture can greatly affect transduction efficiency⁴. In general, lower serum concentrations result in higher transduction efficiencies, though optimizing serum concentrations is recommended for each cell type.
- 5. The presence of the neomycin resistance gene facilitates selection of transduced cells with G418. Selection with G418 can be performed before or after transgene testing. The appropriate concentration of G418 to use for selection varies with each cell line and can be determined by performing a kill curve on parental cells in parallel with transduced cells.

References

¹Miyoshi et al. J Virol. 1998. 72:8150-8157. ²Konopka et al. J Gen Virol 1991. 72: 2685-2696.

³O'Doherty et al. J Virol. 2000. 74:10074-10080.

⁴Andreadis and Palsson. Human Gene Ther. 1997. 8:285-291.

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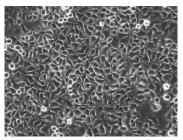


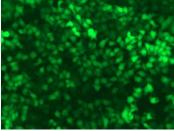
Certificate of Analysis

Testing performed by Imanis Life Sciences

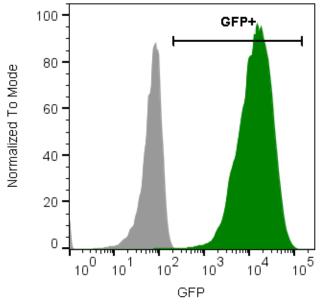
Test description	Result
Virus titer	2.83 x 10 ⁷ TU/mL
Sterility	No contamination detected
Neomycin selection	Pass QC
Fluorescence expression	Pass QC
Endotoxin testing	Pass QC

Fluorescence Expression:





HeLaH1 cells were transduced with LV-eGFP-P2A-Neo (MOI = 10) and after three days the cells were amplified under G418 selection. Matched brightfield (left) and fluorescent (right) photos were taken at 200x magnification.



HeLaH1 cells were transduced with LV-eGFP-P2A-Neo (MOI = 10) and after three days the cells were amplified under G418 selection. The transduced cells (green) and untransduced isotype control cells (grey) were fixed with paraformaldehyde and analyzed by flow cytometry.

Quality control by: JKM Quality Assurance by: RLV Effective Date: 09-Mar-2018

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